



Every morning **Almenara** awakens with the memories left there by different civilizations over the centuries. It offers us an unforgettable view.

The castle is the most iconic monument of our town, and it is impossible to imagine Almenara without it and its towers.

**Tourist info Almenara - Molí d'arròs**  
Plaza del Molí s/n  
Phone. 962 623 345  
almenara@touristinfo.net

**Casablanca Beach Tourist info**  
Summer period  
Plaça del Mar s/n  
Phone. 962 623 100

[www.almenara.es](http://www.almenara.es)



Judrez Casanova estudi

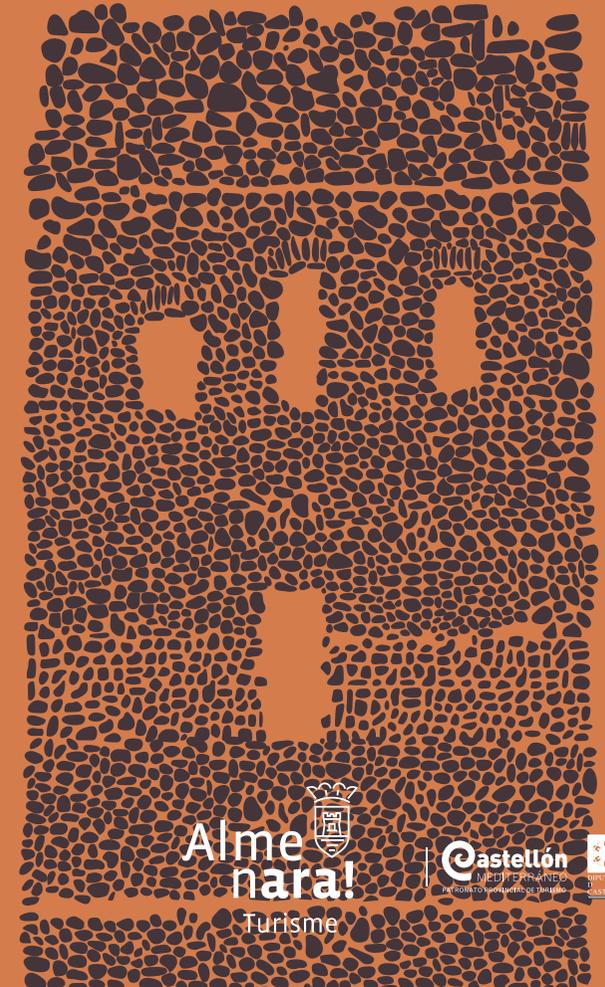
We offer tourists a Route running from the Castle to the Rice Mill Museum. A fun way to discover the most emblematic sights of our town:

- Rice Mill<sup>1</sup>**. This has been perfectly restored and converted into a Museum. It houses the Tourist Information Office, and right next door we find the old public wash-house, where long ago the women of the town would meet to do the laundry and chat. Nowadays, with its original function now obsolete, it has been restored as an ethnographic monument.
- Saint Genoveva Torres Museum<sup>2</sup>**. The house where she lived.
- Santos Juanes Parish Church<sup>3</sup>**. Stone church dating from the 18th century.
- Mediaeval city walls<sup>4</sup>**. Christian city walls dating from the 13th-14th centuries.
- Gothic cross marking the city limits<sup>5</sup>**. Rebuilt in artistic stoneware in 1939.

## TOUR THROUGH THE TOWN

# Almenara

The Town

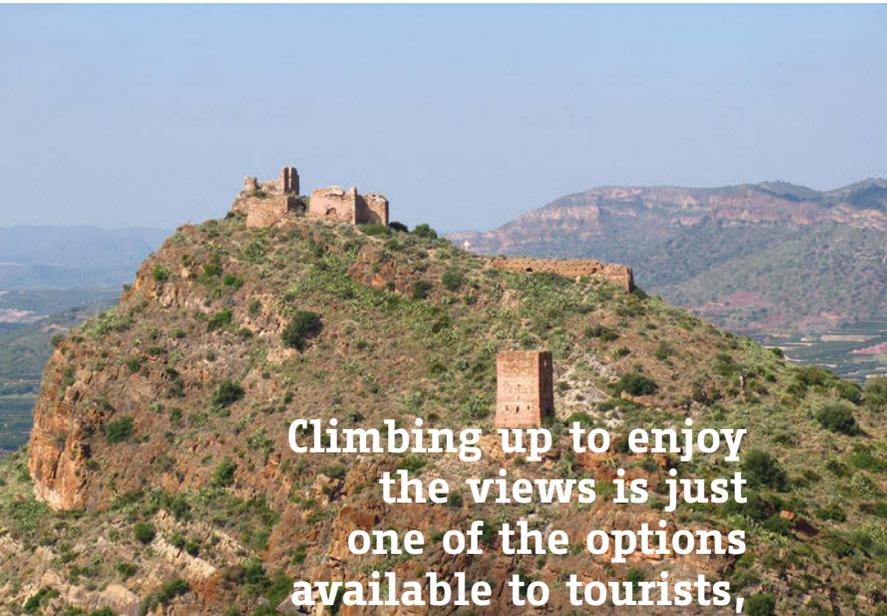


Almenara!  
Turisme

Castellón  
MEDIO AMBIENTE  
TURISMO  
DEPARTAMENTO DE TURISMO  
CASTELLÓN

## The Castle

The castle is flanked by two towers: To the west, the older of the two, known as Bivaldim or more commonly as **L'Agüelet**, built in standard masonry. The only way up was by ladder, given that the only access is a craggy opening on the top floor. And to the east we find a newer construction known as Bergarnuza or more commonly as **L'Agületa**. This tower was restored for use as a heliographic communications centre for the railway service running from Sagunto to Uldecona, between 1862 and 1865.



Climbing up to enjoy the views is just one of the options available to tourists, from where they can enjoy a marvellous panoramic view of the surrounding lands.

## Historic centre and city walls

The historic centre of the picturesque town was in the shape of a perfect rectangle, enclosed by a wall 1.5m thick and 5m high. The Walls surrounding the town were built in the second half of the 16th century by the architect Mosén Miguel de Santander.

Currently, the historic town centre is distinguished from the rest of the town by its narrow streets and decorative street-lighting, in accordance with the historic nature of the old quarter. Religious activities such as processions all take place in these streets because this is where all religious buildings are located.

## Church and bell tower

The Church, built 1721-1728, currently looks better than ever, without conspicuous luxurious adornments. A curious historical feature of the Church is that the ancient temple, built in 1528, the "Old" Square, the Public Well, the Town Bakery, the Town Hall, the Butcher's, and the Prison were all located within its grounds.

## Saint Genoveva Torres Museum

The Museum house is located at 9 Calle Mayor. This house, with its traditional Valencian design, was built in the early 19th century and contains various rooms decorated with the utensils of the period, which have been preserved untouched since then. Walking along the Calle Mayor, you will find numerous modernist-style façades leading us to the Rice Mill.